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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
10/743,622	12/22/2003	Michael Shane Belew	2003-0265	8219
26652	7590 03/07/2005		EXAM	INER
AT&T COR	Ρ.		PAYER, HWEI SIU CHOU	
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MIDDLETOV	VN, NJ 07748		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
		•	3724	

DATE MAILED: 03/07/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Action Summan	10/743,622	BELEW ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Hwei-Siu C. Payer	3724				
The MAILING DATE of this communication Period for Reply	appears on the cover sheet with	h the correspondence address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR RETHE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CF after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, and if NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period for reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by since Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the meanned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ON. R 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a rep n. a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty briod will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTI tatute, cause the application to become ABA	ply be timely filed  (30) days will be considered timely.  HS from the mailing date of this communication.  NDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on _	•					
2a)☐ This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b)⊠	This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b)⊠ This action is non-final.					
	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims						
4)  Claim(s) <u>1-21</u> is/are pending in the applica 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are with 5)  Claim(s) <u>1-7 and 9</u> is/are allowed. 6)  Claim(s) <u>10,12,13 and 17-21</u> is/are rejecte 7)  Claim(s) <u>8,11 and 14-16</u> is/are objected to 8)  Claim(s) are subject to restriction are	drawn from consideration.  d.					
Application Papers						
9)⊠ The specification is objected to by the Exar	miner.					
10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>28 January 2004</u> is/are: a) $\Box$ accepted or b)⊠ objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the co	•	•				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for force a) All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority docum 2. Certified copies of the priority docum 3. Copies of the certified copies of the application from the International Bu * See the attached detailed Office action for a	nents have been received. nents have been received in Ap priority documents have been r reau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	oplication No received in this National Stage				
Attachment(s)						
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date  4) Interview Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s)/Mail Date  5) Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152) Cother:						

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# **Detailed Action**

# **Drawings Objection**

1. The drawings are objected to because in Fig.6, reference numeral "118" should read --518--.

2. The drawings are objected to under 37 CFR 1.83(a). The drawings must show every feature of the invention specified in the claims. Therefore, the elliptical cutting edge as cited in claim 21 must be shown or the feature canceled from the claim. No new matter should be entered.

Corrected drawing sheets in compliance with 37 CFR 1.121(d) are required in reply to the Office action to avoid abandonment of the application. Any amended replacement drawing sheet should include all of the figures appearing on the immediate prior version of the sheet, even if only one figure is being amended. The figure or figure number of an amended drawing should not be labeled as "amended." If a drawing figure is to be canceled, the appropriate figure must be removed from the replacement sheet, and where necessary, the remaining figures must be renumbered and appropriate changes made to the brief description of the several views of the drawings for consistency. Additional replacement sheets may be necessary to show the renumbering of the remaining figures. Each drawing sheet submitted after the filing date of an application must be labeled in the top margin as either "Replacement Sheet" or "New Sheet" pursuant to 37 CFR 1.121(d). If the changes are not accepted by the examiner,

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the applicant will be notified and informed of any required corrective action in the next Office action. The objection to the drawings will not be held in abeyance.

### Objection to the Specification

The disclosure is objected to because of the following informalities:

- (1) In paragraph [0022], "a another" should read --another--.
- (2) In paragraph [0035], line 5, "215" should read --225--.

Appropriate correction is required.

### Claims Objection

Claims 8 and 12 and are objected to because of the following informalities:

In claims 8 and 12, "the housing" should read -- the body--.

Appropriate correction is required.

#### Claims Rejection - U.S.C. 112, first paragraph

1. The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.

2. Claim 21 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as failing to comply with the written description requirement. The claim(s) contains subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to reasonably convey to one

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skilled in the relevant art that the inventor(s), at the time the application was filed, had possession of the claimed invention. The claimed elliptical cutting edges has no support from the specification as originally filed. Paragraph [0037] of the specification discloses a U-shaped cutting edge 250 (see Fig.4). In a preferred embodiment, it is not clear what shape is defined by "has a shape tracing a 45 degrees ellipse".

# Claims Rejection - 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph

- The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:
   The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.
- 2. Claim 21 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

The claimed elliptical cutting edges is vague. Does "elliptical" mean --oval--? As the disclosed invention is understood and shown in Fig.4, the cutting edge 250 is not a closed loop "elliptical" cutting edge as claimed.

#### Claims Objection - 35 U.S.C. 103(a)

1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

2. Claims 13, 17, 18 and 20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Welch (U.S. Patent No. 5,377,410) in view of Porter (U.S. Patent No. 3,378,924).

Welch discloses an apparatus for removing a sheath on a cable comprising a body (11) having a central hole (17); a plurality of opposed cutting blades (23) having cutting edges (see column 4, lines 24-25) protruding from the body (11) into the central hole (17), said cutting edges facing the cable, said blades (23) being positioned at cutting angles to a transverse plane of the cable; a plurality of adjusting screws (28) rotatably mounted in the body (11) for urging corresponding ones of the cutting blades (23) toward the cable, wherein the cutting angles can be 45 degrees by adjusting the blades (23) about their pivotal points (36) substantially as claimed except the apparatus lacks at least one continuity test circuit.

Porter shows a cable sheath removing apparatus comprising a continuity test circuit (see column 3, lines 56-75 through lines 1-9 of column 4) for testing electrical continuity between a metallic sub-sheath of the blade and the cutting edge of the apparatus, and a jumper wire (59,60) for connecting the at least one continuity circuit to the metallic sub-sheath of the cable. The continuity test circuit comprises a battery (62/63), an indicator light (52) and a continuity lug (57) for connecting the jumper wire (59,60).

It would have been obvious to one skilled in the art to modify Welch by providing the apparatus with a continuity test circuit and jumper wire for effecting precision stripping of a sheath of a cable as taught by Porter.

3. Claim 19 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Welch (U.S. Patent No. 5,377,410) and Porter (U.S. Patent No. 3,378,924) as applied to claim 13 above, and further in view of Arnot (U.S. Patent No. 4,149,312).

Welch's apparatus as modified above shows all the claimed structure expect the two halves (14,16) of the body (11) are locked together by a locking bolt (20) rather than a locking clasp.

However, it is notoriously old well known in the art to lock two halves (55,56) of a body (54) by locking means such as locking clasp as evidenced by Arnot.

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one skilled in the art at the time this invention was made to use a well-known locking clasp such as that of Arnot's for locking Welch's two body halves together. The modification is obvious since it would only involve substituting one known type of locking means for another for locking two body halves together.

4. Claim 10 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Temple, Jr. et al. (U.S. Patent No. 5,093,992) in view of Welch (5,377,410) and Porter (U.S. Patent No. 3,378,924).

Temple, Jr. et al. disclose the claimed method of removing a sheath at a mid sheath point on an optical fiber cable comprising the step of clamping a cutting body (8,15) around the cable (see Fig.2); and advancing the cutter body (8,15) in a longitudinal direction along the cable (see column 2, lines 20-22) so that first and

second cutting blades (13) remove portions of the sheath substantially as claimed except it lacks a blades adjustment step and a continuity circuit indication step.

Welch shows a cable stripper (Fig.5) comprising first and second cutting blades (23) each is adjustable by a respective one of an adjustment screw (29,32), and Porter shows a cable sheath removing apparatus comprising a continuity test circuit (see column 3, lines 56-75 through lines 1-9 of column 4) for testing electrical continuity between a metallic sub-sheath of the blade and the cutting edge of the apparatus.

It would have been obvious to one skilled in the art to modify Temple, Jr. et al. by providing an additional step of blades adjusting step and a continuity circuit indication step for adjusting the depth of the cut and for effecting precision stripping of a sheath of the cable as taught by Welch and Porter, respectively.

5. Claim 12 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Temple, Jr. et al. (U.S. Patent No. 5,093,992), Welch (U.S. Patent No. 5,377,410) and Porter (U.S. Patent No. 3,378,924) as applied to claim10 above, and further in view of Castelluzzo (U.S. Patent No. 4,517,741).

Temple, Jr. et al. as modified above shows all the claimed method steps of removing a sheath on an optical fiber cable expect the cutting blades (13) are supported on a non-magnetized blade support (14) by pins (21) rather than by a magnetic force from a magnetized blade support.

However, it is well known in the art to provided a magnetized blade support for supporting a cutting blade as evidenced Castelluzzo (see column 3, lines 17-20).

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Therefore, it would have been obvious to one skilled in the art at the time this invention was made to further modify Temple, Jr. et al. by using a magnetized blade support for supporting the cutting blades (13). The modification is obvious since it would only involve substituting one known type of blade support for another for supporting a cutting blade.

# **Indication of Allowable Subject Matter**

- 1. Claims 1-7 and 9 are allowed.
- 2. Claim 8 is objected to but would be allowable if amended to overcome the objection as set forth.
- 3. Claims 11 and 14-16 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

#### **Prior Art Citations**

The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. Wiener, Putz, Hudson, Persson, Faust, Takimoto et al., Mori et al. and Wheary are cited as art of interest.

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**Point of Contact** 

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the

examiner should be directed to Hwei-Siu C. Payer whose telephone number is 571-272-

4511. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday through Friday, 7:00 am to

4:00 pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's

supervisor, Allan N. Shoap can be reached on 571-272-4514. The fax phone numbers

for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are 703-872-9306

for official communications and 571-273-4511 for proposed amendments.

H Payer March 1, 2005

Hwel-Siu Payer Primary Examiner

18-12 Pager

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